SFDR Disclosures

Appendix VII 01 September 2023





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Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities.

investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Sustainable



AEGON ABS Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300WAU0IK13C66D24

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as sustainable investments with its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of __% of __% sustainable investments in economic activities that with an environmental objective in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify sustainable under the EU as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This fund seeks to invests in securities whose collaterals, originators, or countries of collateral are positively impacted by effective ESG practices. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Investment Manager uses a proprietary methodology to assign an ESG category to each security, which are used as sustainability indicators. Using a proprietary methodology the investment team assigns an ESG category to the ABS collateral, the ABS originator and the country of collateral. The ESG categories used for the analysis are chosen based on the relevance of each ESG category to a particular sector. For example, Auto ABS environmental scores may include the percentage of electric cars in the collateral asset pool. These categories are then weighted to categorize each issue into one of five ESG risk categories, with 1 representing lowest ESG risk and 5 representing the highest. More details on the scores and category thresholds used are available on request.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

- N/A
- How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this Fund does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) since PAI indicators data may be unavailable for this asset class. However, the Fund Manager will try to consider PAIs on a best effort basis by regularly engaging with issuers to encourage disclosure of appropriate adverse impact data for consideration in the investment process.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in asset backed securities. Please refer to Fund Investment Policy for further details.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the fund supplement.

In addition, the strategy is implemented in the investment process by assessing the ESG category of the investment using the methodology described and an ESG category is assigned to the investment. The Investment Manager actively engages with ABS issuers and CLO managers in order to obtain any necessary disclosure to inform the ESG category assessment, and to seek to influence them to improve their ESG scores by for example encouraging them to refine ESG policies. In case the combined total score of the investment (collateral, country and originator) is downgraded to 4 or 5, the investment is sold. The ESG category assessment is reviewed on a quarterly basis.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Investment Manager uses the proprietary ESG category methodology in the investment process as described in the investment policy of the fund supplement. The Investment Manager may only invest in securities categorized in the lower ESG risk categories of 1, 2 and 3. The Investment manager is not allowed to invest in ABS securities that face high ESG risk that could affect the ABS fundamentals and credit quality. Therefore, this 'best in class' approach is the binding element used to attain the promoted ESG characteristics.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The proprietary methodology used to evaluate the ESG categories of originators and countries of originators includes an evaluation of governance practices. The assessment focuses on the governance of processes and transactions, and it establishes the originators' capacity to ensure high quality, control and transparency in the securitization and the transaction.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a

green economy. operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting

green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in asset backed securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers: - The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

• How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives to attain its promoted ESG characteristics.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.



The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?
N/A

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities**

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable are sustainable

investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.





N/A

What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

This Fund is allowed to invest only in ABS securities that have been assigned an ESG category. The Fund may hold derivatives and cash with the purpose of efficient portfolio management, according to the disclosures made in its prospectus. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No, there is no ESG index available for strategies investing in asset backed securities.

• How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

• How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?



indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

7



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



AEGON Core Eurozone Government Bond Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300K1NST46CZXO203

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as sustainable investments with its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of __% of _% sustainable investments in economic activities that with an environmental objective in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify sustainable under the EU as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusionary criteria detailed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has



been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in core eurozone sovereign securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

Asset allocation

- describes the share of investments in specific assets.
- Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:
- turnover
- reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies - capital
- expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational
 expenditure
 (OpEx) reflecting
 green operational
 activities of
 investee
 companies.

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in core eurozone sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.



In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



x _{No}

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com.</u>

A copy of the full exclusion list is available to investors upon request, for further details, please refer to the Aegon AM Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this Fund, which can be found in the documents section of the Aegon AM website (<u>www.aegonam.com</u>).



Reference

benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Core Eurozone Government Bond Index Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300UDW02GZNHLVJ44

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) sustainable investments with characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of ___% of ___% sustainable investments in economic activities that with an environmental objective in gualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify sustainable under the EU as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do with an environmental objective in not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not It will make a minimum of Х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusionary criteria



detailed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

— How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

Sustainability indicators measure

how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) as the Fund follows a passive investment strategy to closely track an index, therefore no active investment decisions are made. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in core eurozone sovereign securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
 operational

expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in core eurozone sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy. the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance. In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



Reference

indexes to

or social

that they promote.

benchmarks are

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



N/A



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and

are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?





N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com.</u>

_A copy of the full exclusion list is available to investors upon request, for further details, please refer to the Aegon AM Sustainability Risks and Impact Policy applicable to this Fund, which can be found in the documents section of the Aegon AM website (<u>www.aegonam.com</u>).



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



AEGON Dutch Equity Index Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300W9PBFOCL0PYJ48

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as sustainable investments with its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of ___% of _% sustainable investments in economic activities that with environmental objective an in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability



Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

• What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) as the Fund follows a passive investment strategy to closely track an index, therefore no active investment decisions are made. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of companies listed in the Netherlands or Dutch companies with a foreign listing that are part of the benchmark. The Fund pursues a passive investment strategy. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

 turnover
 reflecting the share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies

capital expenditure (CapEx) showing

the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting

green operational activities of investee companies.



The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds^{*}, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

To comply with the EU Taxonomy. the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities**

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not

yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable nvestments with an

investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

• How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Emerging Market Debt Fund (EUR)

Legal entity identifier: 5493009B07VWG6RV4N81

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) sustainable investments with characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of ___% of ___% sustainable investments in economic activities that with an environmental objective in gualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify sustainable under the EU as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do with an environmental objective in not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not It will make a minimum of Х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies and countries identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity,



human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These issuers are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies and government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in fixed income securities primarily denominated in US Dollars issued by governments, institutions or companies from emerging countries. The investment process is aimed at adding value by means of the policy to be followed by the Manager. Some examples of the policy to be pursued are: selection policy of countries, sectors and individual bonds. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Good governance practices include

sound management

employee relations,

remuneration of

structures,

staff and tax

compliance.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in emerging market debt securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.





#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

• How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

capital expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting

green operational activities of investee companies.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. **Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy**¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

2

N/A

What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.


N/A



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Equity Europe Fund

Legal entity identifier: 54930070BXQVVHQQ6Y47

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

• • Yes	• X No
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and



good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. Most of the assets in this fund are allocated to passive strategies to closely track indices, therefore no active investment decisions are made is the majority of the fund. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of listed companies in Europe. The investment process aims to achieve capital appreciation through an active policy. Hedge fund strategies can be used for this and investments can also be made in hedge funds that can apply different investment strategies. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized



research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as



Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies

expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

 operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee

companies.



measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an

environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.





What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable

economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the



AEGON Equity Fund Pensioen

Legal entity identifier: 549300I16CX5TLAPC344

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

• • Yes	• X No
 It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy 	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and



good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and anti-





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. Most of the assets in this fund are allocated to passive strategies to closely track indices, therefore no active investment decisions are made is the majority of the fund. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of listed companies in developed and emerging equity markets worldwide, 50% of which are in Europe and 50% in the rest of the world (North America, Japan, Asia and emerging equity markets). The investment process aims to achieve capital appreciation through an active policy. This involves investing in hedge funds that can use various investment strategies. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



describes the

share of investments in

specific assets. Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
- reflecting the
- share of revenue
- from green
- activities of
- investee
- companies • capital

expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

operational
 expenditure
 (OpEx) reflecting
 green operational
 activities of

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

• How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

With the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A

Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.





Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



AEGON Equity Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300EDUD3ROQUF9D69

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as sustainable investments with its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of ___% of _% sustainable investments in economic activities that with environmental objective an in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability



Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

• What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. Most of the assets in this fund are allocated to passive strategies to closely track indices, therefore no active investment decisions are made is the majority of the fund. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of listed companies in developed and emerging equity markets worldwide, 50% of which are in Europe and 50% in the rest of the world (North America, Japan, Asia and emerging equity markets). The investment process aims to achieve capital appreciation through an active policy. This involves investing in hedge funds that can use various investment strategies. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

ro

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets. Taxonomy-aligned

activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

- capital

expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy. operational expenditure

(OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance. The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

N/A

N/A

What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

• How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

Reference



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



AEGON European Bond Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300PFS24THTOBTV72

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as sustainable investments with its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of ___% of _% sustainable investments in economic activities that with an environmental objective in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify sustainable under the EU as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated



for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in European sovereign securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

 capital expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in European sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.



In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. **Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy**¹?



NO

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.





Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



AEGON European Credit Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300VHTMWLHWGBYH20

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as sustainable investments with its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of ___% of _% sustainable investments in economic activities that with environmental objective an in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability



Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

• What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in Euro-denominated fixed income securities issued by companies and financial institutions. The investment process is aimed at adding value by means of the policy to be followed by the Manager. Some examples of the policy to be pursued are: selection policy of countries, sectors and individual bonds. The interest rate risk is equal to that of the benchmark. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.





Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

ro

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets. Taxonomy-aligned

activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

- capital

expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy. operational expenditure

(OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in credit securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



x _{No}

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com

Reference

benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.


Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



AEGON Global High Yield Fund (EUR)

Legal entity identifier: 549300Q2ZE8LOYD7UQ28

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as sustainable investments with its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of ___% of _% sustainable investments in economic activities that with environmental objective an in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability



Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

• What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in global high yield securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

Asset allocation describes the

share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
- reflecting the
- share of revenue from green
- activities of
- investee
- companies
- capital

expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

 operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting

green operational activities of investee companies.

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in global high yield securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

• How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?

	Yes		
		In fossil gas	In nuclear energy
х	No		

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com

Reference

benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.





Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



AEGON Hypotheken Fonds

Legal entity identifier: 549300YEFZII73Z9JU97

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as sustainable investments with its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of __% of _% sustainable investments in economic activities that with an environmental objective in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify sustainable under the EU as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This fund invests in mortgage receivables from originators who actively promote environmental considerations as part of their underwriting and lending process. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-

corruption and anti-

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Investment Manager checks if the originator actively offers sustainability loans for every borrower and favourable financing conditions for homes with superior energy performance. Therefore, the sustainability indicators used to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the number of sustainability loans and the numbre of loans with favourable financing conditions. The originator should also be able to report on the sustainability indicators.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Investment Manager considers one principal adverse impact indicator:

The degree of energy inefficiency of the financed properties

By ensuring that the Investment Manager solely selects mortgage originators that offer favourable financing conditions for homes with superior energy performance, this financial product effectively takes into account the energy efficiency of the real estate assets being financed. More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in mortgage receivables. Please refer to Fund Investment Policy for further details.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the fund supplement.

In addition, the strategy is implemented in the investment process by evaluating the originators at least semi-annually in line with service-level agreements. The Investment Manager also receives semiannual ESG reports based on quarterly data from the originator which includes the disclosure and tracking of relevant environmental characteristics.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Investment Manager selects mortgage originators for inclusion in the fund based on an evaluation of their loan underwriting criteria with respect to the consideration of environmental factors which enable the promotion of environmental characteristics. As a minimum, the originator should actively offer sustainability loans for every borrower and favourable financing conditions for homes with superior energy performance. The originator should also be able to report on the sustainability indicators.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The underlying investments in this Fund are not companies. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies - capital expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in mortgage receivables that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers: - The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

• How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives to attain its promoted ESG characteristics.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.



The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities**

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an

environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote. What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

N/A



This Fund is allowed to invest only in mortgages receivables. The Fund may hold derivatives and cash with the purpose of efficient portfolio management, according to the disclosures made in its prospectus. These other investments are not subject to any environmental or social safeguards.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No, there are no ESG index available for strategies investing in mortgage receivables.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



AEGON Mix Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300QHTJEZW69NDL52

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as sustainable investments with its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of ___% of _% sustainable investments in economic activities that with environmental objective an in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability



Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

• What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to passive strategies that closely track indices, therefore no active investments to consider PAIs can be made in the majority of the fund. Nonetheless, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in equity securities (25% - 65%) and fixed income securities (35% - 75%). The Manager can allocate other investment categories to the category of equity securities or fixed-income securities, whereby the interests of the participant (including risk and return) will continue to be safeguarded. The Fund may therefore invest in new asset classes, instruments, techniques or structures, that are deemed suitable by the Manager for achieving the Fund's objective and/or investment policy. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized



research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity and fixed income securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in

specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.

operational
 expenditure
 (OpEx) reflecting
 green operational
 activities of



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds^{*}, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable average and a substainable average and a substainable average and a substainable average avera

investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A

What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A



The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

• How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

• How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



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Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally**

sustainable

economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. AEGON Mix Fund Pensioen

Legal entity identifier: 549300HOI86OQJ1IVD42

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

• Yes	• X No
 It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy 	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and



good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or

social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to passive strategies that closely track indices, therefore no active investments to consider PAIs can be made in the majority of the fund. Nonetheless, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in equity securities (25% - 65%) and fixed income securities (35% - 75%). The Manager can allocate other investment categories to the category of equity securities or fixed-income securities, whereby the interests of the participant (including risk and return) will continue to be safeguarded. The Fund may therefore invest in new asset classes, instruments, techniques or structures, that are deemed suitable by the Manager for achieving the Fund's objective and/or investment policy. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized



research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity and fixed income securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in

specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 - reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
 operational
- expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee

companies.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance. measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds^{*}, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable

investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A

What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



AEGON Rente Fund Pensioen

Legal entity identifier: 549300YGHPYHM88QJZ11

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes Х No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as sustainable investments with its objective a sustainable investment, it will an environmental objective: have a minimum proportion of ___% of _% sustainable investments in economic activities that with an environmental objective in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify sustainable under the EU as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not х make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated



for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in sovereign securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?





Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies capital

expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.



In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds^{*}, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally** sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an

environmental objective might be aligned with the



AEGON Rente Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300S7077NPV45WC79

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

• Yes	• X No
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: % in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusions list in the



Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.


The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in sovereign securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.



• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.





#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

capital expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

```
    operational
expenditure
(OpEx) reflecting
green operational
activities of
```



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities**

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.





What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

• How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. The EU Taxonomy is

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of

environmentally sustainable

economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the



AEGON Strategic Allocation Fund Equity

Legal entity identifier: 549300PSADNKX3PZXY34

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

Yes	• X No		
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: % in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective 		
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments		

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and



good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and anti-





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to passive strategies that closely track indices, therefore no active investments to consider PAIs can be made in the majority of the fund. Nonetheless, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in equity securities. Equities include the following investment categories: listed and unlisted shares, real estate, commodities and hedge funds. The Manager may add new investment categories if these add value and/or reduce the risk. The Fund aims to achieve an optimal risk-return profile by investing in various well-diversified asset classes. Periodically, through dynamic strategic and tactical policy, the ratio of the investment categories is adjusted to the current market conditions. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?



N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets. Taxonomy-aligned activities are

expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

- capital

expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy. operational expenditure

(OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of



The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.





Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. The EU Taxonomy is

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of

environmentally sustainable economic activities.

That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Legal entity identifier: 5493004VT7SW81CTGH64 Environmental and/or social characteristics Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

AEGON Strategic Allocation Fund Fixed Income

•• Yes		•• X	No		
sustainable an enviror % in ec qualify sustai Taxon in eco not qu	nomic activities that do alify as environmentally nable under the EU	chara its ob have	icteristics a jective a su a minimu inable inves with an economic environmen Taxonomy with an economic a	environmental activities that ntally sustainable environmental activities that do ntally sustainable	not have as ment, it will of% of objective in qualify as under the EU objective in not qualify as
	ke a minimum of investments with a tive:%			characteristics, nable investme	

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and



good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in fixed income securities. Fixed-income securities include the following investment categories: government bonds, mortgages, asset-backed securities and cash. The Manager may add new investment categories if these add value and/or reduce the risk. The Fund aims to achieve an optimal risk-return profile by investing invarious well-diversified asset classes. Periodically, through dynamic strategic and tactical policy, the ratio of the investment categories is adjusted to the current market conditions. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in fixed income securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.





#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

capital expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities**

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.





What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

• How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

• How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. The EU Taxonomy is

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally**

sustainable

economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. AEGON World Equity Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300GRXDJMYZIWZN16

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

• • Yes	• X No
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: % in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and



good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. Most of the assets in this fund are allocated to passive strategies to closely track indices, therefore no active investment decisions are made is the majority of the fund. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of listed companies in developed and emerging equity markets around the world. The investment process aims to achieve capital growth through an active policy. This involves investing in hedge funds that can use various investment strategies. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers: - The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest



0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

• Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities** directly enable other activities to make a substantial

contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an

environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A



The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable

investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

Maatschappijbelegging

Legal entity identifier: 549300GDCAC7JK2P5D91

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

• • Yes	• X No
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: % in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and



good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of listed companies worldwide and in bonds denominated in Euro of countries that are part of the European Monetary Union. Investments are also made in alternative investments, such as hedge funds and private equity. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

tion

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets. Taxonomy-aligned activities are

activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

- capital

expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy. operational expenditure

(OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity and fixed income securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally

sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.





Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in

Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable

economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. OPTAS Combi Mix Fund 1

Legal entity identifier: 549300BQN7850ZF63353

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

• Yes	• X No
 It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy 	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and


good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. This Fund uses an active asset allocation between strategies that can consider PAIs, and strategies that can consider PAIs. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to strategies that can consider PAIs since PAI data is available for the asset classes. Therefore, PAIs can be considered in the majority of the fund. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in equity securities (2.5% - 22.5%) and fixed income securities (77.5% - 97.5%). Equities include the following investment categories: listed and unlisted equities, real estate, commodities and hedge funds. Fixed-income securities include the following investment categories: government bonds, mortgages, asset-backed securities and cash. The Manager may add new investment categories if these add value and/or reduce the risk. The Fund aims to achieve an optimal risk-return profile by investing in various well-diversified asset classes. Periodically, through dynamic strategic and tactical policy, the ratio of the investment categories is adjusted to the current market conditions. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity and fixed income securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.





#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

• How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

capital expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

• How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.





Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be

aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

OPTAS Combi Mix Fund 2

Legal entity identifier: 549300UXLWN706FT2U96

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

•• Yes	• X No
 It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy 	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and



good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. This Fund uses an active asset allocation between strategies that can consider PAIs, and strategies that can consider PAIs. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to strategies that can consider PAIs since PAI data is available for the asset classes. Therefore, PAIs can be considered in the majority of the fund. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in equity securities (15% - 35%) and fixed income securities (65% - 85%). Equities include the following investment categories: listed and unlisted equities, real estate, commodities and hedge funds. Fixed-income securities include the following investment categories: government bonds, mortgages, asset-backed securities and cash. The Manager may add new investment categories if these add value and/or reduce the risk. The Fund aims to achieve an optimal risk-return profile by investing in various well-diversified asset classes. Periodically, through dynamic strategic and tactical policy, the ratio of the investment categories is adjusted to the current market conditions. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

• What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity and fixed income securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.





#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

capital expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

```
    operational
expenditure
(OpEx) reflecting
green operational
activities of
```



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, derivatives, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the



OPTAS Combi Mix Fund 3

Legal entity identifier: 5493007Q24YUO5U6W343

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

• Yes	• X No
 It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy 	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and



good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. This Fund uses an active asset allocation between strategies that can consider PAIs, and strategies that cannot consider PAIs. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to strategies that can consider PAIs since PAI data is available for the asset classes. Therefore, PAIs can be considered in the majority of the fund. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in equity securities (27.5% - 47.5%) and fixed income securities (52.5% - 72.5%). Equities include the following investment categories: listed and unlisted equities, real estate, commodities and hedge funds. Fixed-income securities include the following investment categories: government bonds, mortgages, asset-backed securities and cash. The Manager may add new investment categories if these add value and/or reduce the risk. The Fund aims to achieve an optimal risk-return profile by investing in various well-diversified asset classes. Periodically, through dynamic strategic and tactical policy, the ratio of the investment categories is adjusted to the current market conditions. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The investment decisions based on objectives and risk



The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

• What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity and fixed income securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



describes the share of investments in specific assets.





#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

capital expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

 operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

• How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.





Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable

investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the



OPTAS Combi Mix Fund 4

Legal entity identifier: 549300LFZ1RDTIVT7B76

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

• • Yes	• X No
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	X It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and



good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. This Fund uses an active asset allocation between strategies that can consider PAIs, and strategies that can consider PAIs. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to strategies that can consider PAIs since PAI data is available for the asset classes. Therefore, PAIs can be considered in the majority of the fund. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirec More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.tly, in equity securities (40% - 60%) and fixed income securities (40% - 60%). Equities include the following investment categories: listed and unlisted equities, real estate, commodities and hedge funds. Fixed-income securities include the following investment categories: government bonds, mortgages, asset-backed securities and cash. The Manager may add new investment categories if these add value and/or reduce the risk. The Fund aims to achieve an optimal risk-return profile by investing in various well-diversified asset classes. Periodically, through dynamic strategic and tactical policy, the ratio of the investment categories is adjusted to the current market conditions.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity and fixed income securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.





#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover

reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies

capital expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

```
    operational
    expenditure
    (OpEx) reflecting
    green operational
    activities of
```



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

• How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com

Reference

benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.





Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. The EU Taxonomy is

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally**

sustainable economic activities.

That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. OPTAS Combi Mix Fund 5

Legal entity identifier: 549300PU5VGKO00PKT65

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

• • Yes	• X No
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: % in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	 It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and



good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Sustainability

indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to passive strategies that closely track indices, therefore no active investments to consider PAIs can be made in the majority of the fund. Nonetheless, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in equity securities (52.5% - 72.5%) and fixed income securities (27.5% - 47.5%). Equities include the following investment categories: listed and unlisted equities, real estate, commodities and hedge funds. Fixed-income securities include the following investment categories: government bonds, mortgages, asset-backed securities and cash. The Manager may add new investment categories if these add value and/or reduce the risk. The Fund aims to achieve an optimal risk-return profile by investing in various well-diversified asset classes. Periodically, through dynamic strategic and tactical policy, the ratio of the investment categories is adjusted to the current market conditions. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights,



and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies

- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
- green economy.
 operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity and fixed income securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as



measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable

investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A

What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: <u>www.aegonam.com</u>